



**INSPECTION REPORT**

**UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA,  
SAN FRANCISCO**

**Customer ID: 9199  
Certificate: 93-R-0440**

**BOX 0962  
3333 CALIFORNIA STREET, SUITE 315  
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94143 0962**

**Site: 001  
THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  
SAN FRANCISCO  
Inspection  
Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION  
Date: AUG-07-2007**

**3.56 ( c )  
SANITATION.**

(c) Housekeeping. Premises (buildings and grounds) shall be kept clean and in good repair in order to protect the animals from injury and to facilitate the prescribed husbandry practices set forth in this subpart. Premises shall remain free of accumulations of trash.

Machinery equipment was placed along side of clean empty animal enclosures in the cage wash room. The equipment was leaking oil into and through the surface of the cardboard box where it was located. The animal enclosures in direct contact with the box were being contaminated by the oils leaking out of the device. Contamination of animal enclosures with oil from discarded machinery may lead to illness in animals housed in those enclosures. Sheet rock type of walls surfaces in the main hallway were flaking and chipping from contact with equipment. Much of the chipped or flaking surfaces were on the floor in the hallway.

Corrected during inspection by removal of equipment and cleaning and sanitizing the area where the equipment was located.

**3.75 ( a )  
3.75 ( c )( 3 )**

**HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.**

(a) Structure: construction. Housing facilities for nonhuman primates must be designed and constructed so that they are structurally sound for the species of nonhuman primates housed in them. They must be kept in good repair, and they must protect the animals from injury, contain the animals securely, and restrict other animals from entering.

One group of primates housed in the Koret building were in cages with the squeeze shoots that did not lock and the animals were able to manipulate the squeeze chute creating a smaller area. In the process of closing the shoot it would have been possible for a primate to injury a finger or arm between the gates as the shoot was being closed. A piece of equipment was being secured to prevent the animal from being able to manipulate the enclosure and thus preventing possible injury. Corrected during inspection.

(3) Cleaning. Hard surfaces with which nonhuman primates come in contact must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized in accordance with 73.84 of this subpart to prevent accumulation of excreta or disease hazards.

A primate chair used to restrain primates during certain procedures was in a primate room with brownish stains smeared on the side plexiglass wall and lower surface. The cleaning and sanitizing protocol described to me by the responsible person was that chairs are used daily and only cleaned on the weekends. There was no spot cleaning and/or sanitizing of the chairs during

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the week. The official SOP for the cleaning and sanitizing of the primate chairs was provided to me during the inspection and either cleaning and sanitizing after each use or daily cleaning and sanitizing is required. The responsible person was not following the SOP for cleaning and sanitizing of equipment.  
Corrected during inspection.

The original inspection report was appealed and this is the remaining violations after the appealed was reviewed.

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